Dr Shuai Wang

Contact	Assistant Professor University of Delaware	E-mail: shwang@udel.edu
INFORMATION	Newark, DE 19716, United States	Web: www.shuai-wang.com
Education	Imperial College London, UK2013 - 2017Ph.D. in Atmospheric Science	
	Ocean University of China, China 2011 - 2013 M.S. in Meteorology	
	Ocean University of China, China2007 - 2011B.S. in Atmospheric Science	
Employment	University of Delaware - Department of Geography and Spatial Sciences 2023 - present Assistant Professor (tenure-track)	
	Princeton University - Program in Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences (AOS) NOAA - Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (GFDL) 2022 - 2023 Associate Research Scholar	
	Princeton University - Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering2021Postdoctoral Research Associate	
	Imperial College London - Department of Physi2017 - 2020Postdoctoral Research Associate2021 - presentAcademic Visitor	cs
	SOAS University of London - School of Finance and Management2018 - 2019Joint Research Fellow	
Research Interests	Tropical Cyclones, Climate Modeling, Extreme Weather, Climate Service	
Full Publication	Google Scholar statistics [link]. Ci	tations: 381. h -index: 12.
	2023 (2 peer-reviewed papers)	
	29. Li, Y., Tang, Y., Wang, S. , Toumi, R., Song, X., and Wang, Q. Recent Increases in Tropical Cyclone Rapid Intensification Events in Global Offshore Regions (accepted). <i>Nature Communications</i> .	
	28. Li, Y., Tang, Y., Wang, S. , and Li, X Rapid growth of tropical cyclone outer size over the western North Pacific [link]. <i>Remote Sensing</i> .	
	2022 (10 peer-reviewed papers $+ 1$ white paper)	
	27. Wang, S, Lin, N., and Gori, A Investigation of h tion in storm surge simulation [link]. <i>Journal of Ge</i>	urricane complete wind models and applica- eophysical Research - Atmospheres.
	26. Xi, D., Wang, S. , and Lin, N Relationship Between Tropical Cyclone Intensity and Rain Rate [link]. <i>Journal of Climate</i> .	
	25. Li, Y., Tang, Y., Toumi, R., and Wang, S. . Revisiting the definition of rapid intensification of tropical cyclones by clustering the initial intensity and inner-core size [link]. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research - Atmospheres.</i>	
	24. Tian, D., Zhang, H., Wang, S. , Zhang, W., Sun, surface wind structure observed by wave gliders <i>Geophysical Research - Atmospheres.</i>	X., Zhou, Y., Yang, S., and Zhou., F. Sea during tropical cyclones [link]. <i>Journal of</i>

- 23. Biffis, E. and Wang, S. (2022). Downscaling of physical risks for climate scenario design [link]. *White Paper* published by the Singapore Management University.
- 22. Li, Y., Tang, Y. and Wang, S.. Rapid growth of outer size of tropical cyclones: A new perspective on their destructive potential [link]. *Geophysical Research Letters*. Editor's Highlight on EOS [link].
- 21. Wang, S. and Toumi, R.. An analytic model of tropical cyclone outer size [link]. *npj Climate* and Atmospheric Science.
- 20. Xu, H., Tian, Z., Sun, L., Ragno, E., Bricker, J., Mao, G., Ye, Q., Tan, J., Wang, J., Ke, Q., Wang, S. and Toumi, R.. Compound flood impact of water level and rainfall during tropical cyclone period in a coastal city: The case of Shanghai [link]. Natural Hazards and Earth System Sciences.
- 19. Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2022). More tropical cyclones are striking coasts with major intensities at landfall [link]. *Scientific Reports*.
- 18. Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2022). On the intensity decay of tropical cyclones before landfall [link]. *Scientific Reports*.
- 17. Meng Q., Zhou F., Ma X., Xuan J., Zhang H., Wang, S. et al.. Response Process of Coastal Hypoxia to a Passing Typhoon in the East China Sea [link]. *Frontiers in Marine Science*.

2021 (4 peer-reviewed papers)

- Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2021). Recent Migration of Tropical Cyclones toward Coasts [link]. Science.
- 15. Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2021). Recent tropical cyclone changes inferred from ocean surface temperature cold wakes [link]. *Scientific Reports*.
- 14. Wang, S., Toumi, R., Ye, Q., Ke, Q., Bricker, J., Tian, Z.* and Sun, L. (2021). Is the tropical cyclone surge in Shanghai more sensitive to landfall location or intensity change? [link] *Atmospheric Science Letters*.
- Ke, Q., Yin, J., Bricker, J., Buonomo, E., Ye. Q., Visser, P., Dong, G., Wang, S., Tian, Z., Sun, L., Toumi, R. and Jonkman, S. (2021). An integrated framework of coastal flood modelling under the failures of sea dikes: a case study in Shanghai [link]. *Natural Hazards*.
- **2020** (2 peer-reviewed papers)
- 12. Wang, S., Rashid, T., Throp, H. and Toumi, R. (2020). A shortening of the intensity life-cycle of major tropical cyclones [link]. *Geophysical Research Letters*.
- 11. Bruneau, N., Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2020). Long memory impact of ocean mesoscale temperature anomalies on tropical cyclone size [link]. *Geophysical Research Letters*.
- **2019** (2 peer-reviewed papers)
- Sparks, N., Hon, K., Chan. P., Wang, S., Chan, J., Lee, T., and Toumi, R. (2019). Aircraft Observations of Tropical Cyclone Boundary Layer Turbulence over the South China Sea [link]. *Journal of the Atmospheric Science*.
- 9. Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2019) Impact of dry midlevel air on the tropical cyclone outer circulation [link]. Journal of the Atmospheric Science.
- **2018** (3 peer-reviewed papers)
- 8. Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2018). A historical analysis of the mature stage of tropical cyclones [link]. *International Journal of Climatology*.
- 7. Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2018). Reduced sensitivity of tropical cyclone intensity and size to sea surface temperature in a radiative-convective equilibrium environment [link]. Advances in Atmospheric Science.

 Bruneau, N., Toumi, R. and Wang, S. (2018) Impact of wave white-capping on landfalling tropical cyclones [link]. Scientific Reports.

Before 2017 (5 peer-reviewed papers)

- 5. Wang, S. and Toumi, R. (2016). On the relationship between hurricane cost and the integrated wind profile [link]. *Environmental Research Letters*.
- 4. Wang, S., Toumi, R., Czaja, A. and Van Kan, A. (2015). An analytic model of tropical cyclone wind profiles [link]. *Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society*.
- 3. Li, P., Fu, G., Lu, C., Fu, D., and **Wang**, S. (2012) The formation mechanism of a spring sea fog event over the yellow sea associated with a low-level jet [link]. *Weather and Forecasting*.
- Wang, S., Fu, G., and Pang, H. (2017). Structure analyses of the explosive extratropical cyclone: A case study over the Northwestern Pacific in March 2007 [link]. Oceanic and Coastal Sea Research.
- Fu, D., Wang, S., Chen, D., Pang, H. and Li, P. (2012). Comparison study between observation and simulation for sea fog over the Yellow Sea in May 2009 [link]. Oceanic and Coastal Sea Research.

The 35th Conference on Hurricanes and Tropical Meteorology (AMS), New Orleans, USA: "Recent migration of tropical cyclones toward coasts". **Oral presentation**, May. 2022.

City University of Hong Kong, HK: "Too close to comfort". Invited talk, June. 2021.

Met Office, UK: "Landward migration of tropical cyclone activities". Invited talk, Mar. 2021.

Princeton University, GFDL/NOAA, USA: "Tropical cyclone activities in coastal regions". Invited talk, Jan. 2021.

University College London, UK: "Estimating the destructive potential of tropical cyclones". Invited talk, Mar. 2019.

The 34th Conference on Hurricanes and Tropical Meteorology (AMS), virtual, USA: "Midlevel dry air and tropical cyclone structure change". **Oral presentation**, Apr. 2020.

The 13th Conference on Mesoscale Convective Systems and High-Impact Weather in East Asia (ICMCS), Naha, Japan: "Impact of dry midlevel air on the tropical cyclone outer circulation". **Oral presentation**, Mar. 2019.

The 33rd Conference on Hurricanes and Tropical Meteorology (AMS), Florida, USA: "A historical analysis of the mature stage of tropical cyclones". **Oral presentation**, Apr. 2018.

The 33rd Conference on Hurricanes and Tropical Meteorology (AMS), Florida, USA: "Reduced sensitivity of tropical cyclone intensity and size to sea surface temperature in a radiative-convective equilibrium environment". **Poster presentation**, Apr. 2018.

The 32nd Conference on Hurricanes and Tropical Meteorology (AMS), San Juan, Puerto Rico: "Hurricane cost is largely controlled by the vertical wind shear". **Oral presentation**, Apr. 2016.

The Climate Science for Service Partnership (CSSP) China-UK Workshop, Nanjing, China: "Tropical cyclone damage and potential environmental factors". **Oral presentation**, Nov. 2015.

National Basic Research Program Annual Meeting, Guangzhou, China: "Factors on tropical cyclone destructive potential". **Oral presentation**, Nov. 2015.

European Geosciences Union Annual meeting, Vienna, Austria: "Factors that influence the size of tropical cyclones". **Oral presentation**, Apr. 2015.

Invited and Conference Presentations

	Korea-China Joint Workshop on Marine Environment Forecasting System for the Yellow Sea and East China Sea, Seoul, South Korea: "Explosive Extra-tropical Cyclogenesis over the Yellow Sea". Oral presentation, Apr. 2012.	
Professional Service	Membership	
	American Meteorological Society, American Geophysical Union, Royal Meteorological Society	
	Peer Review	
	The Fifth National Climate Assessment NOAA internal reviewer	
	Journals Nature Climate Change, Nature Communications, Journal of Climate, Monthly Weather Review, Environmental Research Letters, Climate Dynamics, Geophysical Research Letters, Journal of Geophysical Research, Journal of Hydrometeorology, International Journal of Climatology, Natrual Hazards (among others)	
Media Coverage	The Associated Press (2021) Tropical cyclones are nearing land more, except in Atlantic [link]	
	U.S. News (2021) Tropical cyclones are nearing land more [link]	
	Science Daily (2021) Hurricanes and typhoons moving 30km closer to coasts every decade [link]	
	Carbon Brief (2021) Recent increase in major Atlantic hurricanes after 1960-1980s lull [link]	
	The Independent (2020) How is the 'strongest storm of 2020' linked to the climate crisis? [link]	
	The Independent (2020) How is the 'strongest storm of 2020' linked to the climate crisis? [link] Carbon Brief (2020) Global warming has 'changed' spread of tropical cyclones around the world [link]	
	 The Independent (2020) How is the 'strongest storm of 2020' linked to the climate crisis? [link] Carbon Brief (2020) Global warming has 'changed' spread of tropical cyclones around the world [link] Carbon Brief (2020) Major tropical cyclones have become '15% more likely' over past 40 years [link] 	
	 The Independent (2020) How is the 'strongest storm of 2020' linked to the climate crisis? [link] Carbon Brief (2020) Global warming has 'changed' spread of tropical cyclones around the world [link] Carbon Brief (2020) Major tropical cyclones have become '15% more likely' over past 40 years [link] Carbon Brief (2018) Global warming is causing tropical storms to slow down and last longer [link] 	