

Be smart about health insurance

# My Smart Choice Health Insurance Workbook 6<sup>th</sup> edition





#### Smart Choice and Smart Use Health Insurance ™

University of Maryland Extension Signature Program

#### 2019 University of Maryland Extension Health Insurance Literacy (HILI) Team:

Virginia Brown, MA, DrPH; Jesse Ketterman, PhD, AFC®; Lynn Little, MS (Emerita);
Lisa McCoy, MS, RDN; Dorothy Nuckols, MPH, AFC®;
Carrie Sorenson, MPH; Crystal Terhune, LMSW: Extension Educators
Bonnie Braun, PhD, Professor Emerita; Ali Hurtado, PhD; UMD School of Public Health
Teresa McCoy, MPA, DPA, Assistant Director, Evaluation & Assessment
Chenzi Wang, PhD, Coordinator of Development and Evaluation
Maria Pippidis, MS, AFC®, Extension Educator, University of Delaware Cooperative Extension

# Funding for this project is provided by

## University of Maryland College of Agriculture and Natural Resources and University of Maryland Extension

Parts of this document were adapted from the University of Missouri *Making Your Money Count Curriculum*, Chapter 7. Some information was adapted from **www.HealthCare.Gov** including the definitions for the *Important Words to Know* sections of this workbook.

#### For additional health insurance information, questions and answers go to: extension.umd.edu/insure

For questions about the workbook, contact: Dr. Jesse Ketterman, jketterm@umd.edu

The American Association of Family and Consumer Sciences awarded Smart Choice Health Insurance ™ the 2014 Family Economics Resource Management Community Education Award.

The National Extension Association of Family and Consumer Sciences awarded Smart Choice Health Insurance ™ a 2015 Regional Family Health and Wellness Award.

The USDA National Institute for Food and Agriculture awarded Smart Choice Health Insurance ™ the 2016 Jeanne M. Priester Award, Individuals and Families category in recognition of outstanding contributions to the Cooperative Extension System and the public in the area of health and wellness and the positive impact it has had on improving health insurance literacy among individuals and families.

University of Maryland, College of Agriculture and Natural Resources awarded Smart Choice Health Insurance™ the 2016 Integrated Research and Extension Award for taking research and translating that research into education and delivering that education to meet consumer needs.

The Association for Financial Counseling and Planning Education awarded Smart Choice and Smart Use Health Insurance ™ the 2017 the outstanding Educational Program for having impact in the field, being innovative and adaptable for financial practitioners and educators.



This workbook and content of the Smart Choice and Smart Use Health Insurance™ are trademarked. For more information see the back cover of this document.

#### **Recommended Citation:**

University of Maryland Extension. (April 2019). *My Smart Choice Health Insurance™ Workbook*, 6<sup>th</sup> edition. College Park, MD: University of Maryland.

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# **Key Questions I Need to Answer**



Why do I need health insurance?

Why is it important?



What do I need and want?

What are my choices?



- · How much can I afford?
- How much will it cost?

Answering these important questions will help me make a Smart Choice health insurance decision.

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#### Using this Workbook Can Help You Make a Smart Choice Health Insurance Decision

Did you know that most consumers dread making decisions about health insurance? They are not really sure if they have the right amount of health insurance coverage.

Most are not comfortable with the terms and rules of health insurance plans. Many consumers don't have confidence in their decisions.

Health insurance is very important, but choosing the best plan for you and your family can be complicated and expensive.

This workbook offers tools to give you confidence and help you build your smart shopping skills.

The tools you will find in this workbook are:

- Definitions you will need to understand health insurance.
- **Worksheets** to help you make your own **Smart Choice**:
  - •My Health Insurance Needs to help you identify you and your family's health care needs pages 6-9;
  - •My Health Insurance Plan Comparison to help you compare plans and estimate costs pages 13-20;
  - •My Monthly Spending Plan to help you plan for health care costs pages 21-22.



Let's get started.

My Smart Choice Health Insurance Decision
<u>Checklist</u>
☐ Make a list of my questions before it is time to
choose my health plan.
Review important words to know (including
deductible, out-of-pocket costs, copayment,
coinsurance).
☐ Complete the <b>My Health Insurance Needs</b>
Worksheet.
Explore health insurance options available to
me and my family.
☐ Complete the <b>My Health Insurance Plan</b>
Comparison worksheet.
☐ Gather financial information and complete the
My Monthly Spending Plan to determine my
health insurance budget.
☐ Investigate savings options for my health care
dollars.
☐ Compare my health insurance options to
determine which plan best fits my needs and
spending plan.
☐ Make a <i>Smart Choice</i> health insurance
decision.

#### **How Do I Know How Much Health Insurance I Will Need?**

The first worksheet, **My Health Insurance Needs**, will help you put together all the details about the health services you currently use.

As you fill in the worksheets keep in mind that **Health Insurance Marketplace** insurance plans for individuals and small businesses include **Essential Health Benefits** and **Preventive Services.** 

Under any plan sold in the consumer or small business **Health Insurance Marketplace**, healthcare providers participating in the **Network** must offer **Preventive Services** with no out-of-pocket cost to you. If you use healthcare providers not in the **Network**, you pay a higher copayment and/or higher coinsurance.

If you have an employer sponsored health plan and are not sure if your plan covers **Preventive Services**, go to the health insurance company's website or talk to your employer's health benefits representative.

To complete the My Health Insurance Needs worksheet you will need to think about how you and your family use Health Care Services. Look back through a calendar or your health records to make an estimate about which providers you have seen and how often. If you haven't kept records, you can ask your providers or pharmacist for this information. If you have health insurance, the insurance company will also have this information. Contact a customer service representative or go online to review your account.



Now you are on your way to making a Smart Choice health insurance decision for you and your family.



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#### **Important Words to Know**

**Health Care Services** - Health care delivered by practitioners in medicine, optometry, dentistry, nursing, pharmacy, emergency medical, allied health, and other disciplines.

Essential Health Benefits - Must include items and services within at least the following 10 categories: ambulatory patient services; emergency services; hospitalization; maternity and newborn care; mental health and substance use disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; prescription drugs; rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices; laboratory services; preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and pediatric services, including oral and vision care.

**Preventive Services** - Most health plans must cover a set of preventive services like annual check-ups, shots, and screening tests at no additional out-of-pocket cost to you.

Health Insurance Marketplace (Marketplace) - A web site where individuals, families, and small businesses can learn about their health coverage options; compare health insurance plans based on costs, benefits, and other important features; choose a plan; and enroll in coverage.

**Network** - Groups your health insurer or plan has contracts with to provide health care services. Anyone who is part of the group is considered "in-network" or a "preferred provider." A provider who is not part of the group is "out-of-network."

## **SECTION 1:** My Family's Health Care Visits

This section will	l help you identify you (and your f	amily's) needed health care servic	es.		Important Words to Know
1) Do we have	a primary care provider?		☐ Yes	☐ No	
2) Do we see a	ny <b>specialists?</b> Examples: allerg	ist, OB-GYN, ophthalmologist	☐ Yes	☐ No	Primary Care Provider -
3) Over the pa	st year, how many times did my f	amily and I visit the provider? Ple	ease fill in	the chart below.	A doctor, nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist or physician assistant, as
Person	Health Care Provider / Doctor Visits	Why You See Them	Н	ow Often Seen	allowed under state law, who provides, coordinates or helps a patient access a range of health care services.
Example	Dr. Smith Dr. Sanchez (ophthalmologist)	Yearly exam and flu shot Yearly eye exam		time time	range of hearth care services.
	Dr. Jones (dentist)	Twice yearly cleaning	2	times	<b>Specialist</b> - A health care
Ме					provider who focuses on a specific area of medicine or health care.
Spouse/Partner					
Child					
Child					
Child					

## SECTION 1: My Family's Healthcare Visits - continued

Below are some questions to help you figure out how of the past year. Use the information from the chart on pa		Important words to			
<ul> <li>5) About how many times did we visit specialists in t</li> <li>6) In the past year, how many times did we go to urg</li> <li>7) In the past year, how many times did we go to the</li> </ul>	cout how many times did we each visit our primary care provider in the past year?  ———————————————————————————————————				
SECTION 2: My Family's Prescriptions					
9) Do we take any <b>prescription drugs</b> ?	es 🗌 No	Prescription Drugs - Medicines that by law must be ordered by a			
Use this chart to help you figure out which prescription	drugs your family takes and how much they o	health care provider.			
I take:	How often do I get refills?	How much do I have to pay for each refill?			

I take:	How often do I get refills?	How much do I have to pay for each refill?
Example: Synthroid	Quarterly	\$20
1 1 1 1 1	V	
My spouse or partner and children take:	How often do they get refills?	How much do I have to pay?

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#### SECTION 3: My Family's Health Care Changes for the Coming Year

10) Is there anything coming up in the next 12-18 months that I did not have to plan for last year? $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
The chart below can help you think about your health care needs for the coming year. You can then put all these needs together in one place. This can help you see if you need to plan for and choose different health insurance coverage.

New situation I will have	What kind of insurance coverage will I need?		
Example: I want to have a baby	Obstetrics and gynecology, hospital stay, prenatal medicine		
Example: Child turning 26	Cannot be covered anymore on my insurance		
Will my current health insurance coverage be enough?			

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#### SECTION 4: Prioritizing My Family's Health Insurance Needs

11)	want to pay attention to health insurance plan. T and my family, I would r (least important) the fol	lth care needs for me and my family
		are providers my family and I see are of the health insurance plan.
	The prescription drugs the by the insurance.	nat my family and I need are covered
	The monthly (or yearly) or premium).	cost of insurance (this would be the
		<b>cket costs</b> including emergencies, or <b>coinsurance</b> and out-of-pocket
БЕСТ	TION 5: Summary of Ins	surance Coverage Needs
2)	Given my family's health to include coverage for (c	history, my health insurance needs check all that apply):
	Health	Vision
	Dental	Mental Health
		_ Substance Abuse Treatment
		Maternity Coverage

#### Important Words to Know

**Premium** - The amount that must be paid for your health insurance plan. Premiums may be shared between you and your employer.

**Out-of-pocket costs** - Your expenses for medical care that aren't reimbursed by insurance. Out-of-pocket costs include deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments for covered services plus costs for services that aren't covered by insurance.

**Deductible** - The amount you owe for health care services your health insurance plan covers before your health insurance plan begins to pay. For example, if your deductible is \$1,000, your plan won't pay anything until you've met your \$1,000 deductible for covered health care services subject to the deductible. The deductible may not apply to all services.

**Copayment** - A fixed amount you pay for a covered health care service, usually when you get the service. You may have to meet your deductible first.

**Coinsurance** - Your part of the costs of a covered health care service. This is a part of the allowed amount for the service. You pay this amount once you have met your deductible.

**Maternity Coverage** - The coverage for prenatal screenings, delivery, well baby and well mother visits.

**Benefits** - The health care items and services covered by a health insurance plan. Covered benefits and excluded services are defined in the health insurance plan's documents.

**Allowed Amount** - The maximum dollar amount on which an insurance payment is based for covered health care products and services. This may also be called an 'eligible expense,' 'payment allowance' or 'negotiated rate.' If your health provider charges more than the allowed amount, you may have to pay the difference.

#### What Are the Sources for Health Insurance Plans?

There are several ways in which you can access and buy health insurance. They can be divided into two categories: private insurance and government insurance. Examples of private insurance sources include plans that are offered through your employer, the Health Insurance Marketplace, and private insurers. Government insurance includes the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), Medicaid, Medicare, and TRICARE.

# What Is a Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) Statement?

All health insurance plans must provide an easy to read summary format that lets you make comparisons of costs and coverage between health plans. You can compare options based on price, benefits and other features that may be important to you. As you review the Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) from your employer, the Marketplace or insurance provider, be sure to consider your health insurance needs by comparing page 9 of this workbook with the health care services covered by the plan.

# What Are the Health Plan Options and How Are They Different?

There are five main types of health insurance plans: **Fee-for-service** plans; **Exclusive Provider Organization (EPO)**; **Health Maintenance Organization (HMO)**; **Point-Of-Service (POS)** and **Preferred Provider Organization (PPO)**.

It is important for you to understand the differences in types of health care plans when making a *Smart Choice* health insurance decision.

#### **Understanding Types of Plans**

**Fee-for-Service Plan** - A type of insurance plan in which health care providers receive a fee for each service provided to insured patients. These plans normally cover hospitalization, outpatient care, and provider services in or out of the hospital. You select the healthcare providers for office visits or treatments. You are billed for the service by the health care provider and then reimbursed by the insurance company, or you can "assign" direct payment by the insurance company to the provider. These plans typically require you to pay premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance. Limits on certain coverage or exclusions may apply.

**Exclusive Provider Organization (EPO)** - A plan that covers services **only** if you go to doctors, specialists, or hospitals on the plan's approved list (network). You can go to any provider in an emergency.

**Health Maintenance Organization (HMO)** - A plan that only covers care from doctors who are part of the HMO. It generally will not cover out-of-network care unless it's an emergency. You may have to live or work in a certain area to be covered.

**Point of Service (POS)** - A plan in which you pay less if you use providers that are in the plan's network. You will need to select a primary care provider for regular checkups and referrals to see a specialist. You can use out-of-network providers at a higher cost.

**Preferred Provider Organization (PPO)** - A plan that has a special network or group of providers. You pay less if you use providers in the plan's network. You may not need a referral from your primary care doctor to see a specialist. This type of plan usually has payment options for using health care services that are in and out of the network. Copayments are charged for each visit.

# What Are The Marketplace Health Plan Categories?

Plans in the Marketplace are separated into 4 health plan categories - Bronze, Silver, Gold, or Platinum - based on the average cost of coverage. The plan category you choose affects the total amount you'll likely spend for essential health benefits during the year. All plan types (EPO, HMO, POS and PPO) are available on the Health Insurance Marketplace. If you select a POS plan, for example, you will be responsible for more of the health costs at the bronze level than at the platinum level. Comparing Marketplace cost tiers allows you to select the plan that best fits your health care needs and your spending plan.

For more information on how the Health Insurance Marketplace works, contact your local Marketplace office or go to <a href="https://www.healthcare.gov">www.healthcare.gov</a>.

# How Do I Compare Health Insurance Plans?

Whether the plans you are considering are purchased from the Health Insurance Marketplace, through your employer or a private insurer, **My Health Insurance Plan Comparison** worksheet is a tool you can use to organize and compare the

information about coverage and costs for the plans. Important criteria are on the left side of the worksheet. There is a place to make notes for three different plans you may want to compare. Refer back to your **My Health Insurance Needs** worksheet (pgs. 6-9) for information as you complete the plan comparisons.

This comparison tool will help you estimate the out-of-pocket costs for each plan you are considering. You will find most of the information you need in the Summary of Benefits and Coverage provided by the insurance company. For additional information check the company's website or call the company's customer service representatives.

If the plan you are considering doesn't include important medical services that your family needs, you may need to choose a different plan or buy an additional plan that will cover the necessary medical services. For example, adult dental or vision services are not covered in some plans. So you may need to purchase an additional plan.



#### **Marketplace Plan Categories**

**Bronze** - Insurance will cover 60% of costs for most people. Your coinsurance will be about 40% of costs. This category has the lowest premiums and the highest out-of-pocket costs.

**Silver**- Insurance will cover 70% of costs for most people. Your coinsurance will be about 30% of costs. This category has low premiums and higher out-of-pocket cost. This plan may offer the best value if you qualify for cost-sharing reductions based on your income.

**Gold** - Insurance will cover 80% of costs for most people. Your coinsurance will be about 20% of costs. This category has high premiums and low out-of-pocket costs.

**Platinum -** Insurance will cover 90% of costs for most people. Your coinsurance will be about 10% of costs. This category has the highest premiums and the lowest out-of-pocket costs.

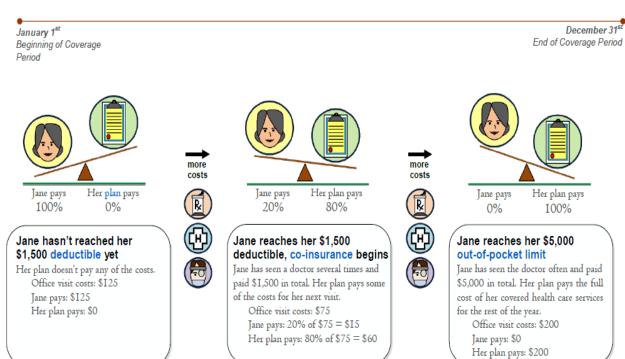
From: <a href="https://www.healthcare.gov/glossary/health-plan-categories/">https://www.healthcare.gov/glossary/health-plan-categories/</a>

#### **How Does Health Insurance Work?**

Understanding how insurance works and what it will cost you (deductibles, **out of-pocket maximums/limits**, copayments, and coinsurance) can be a little tricky. Here is an example of how and by whom costs are covered over the health insurance plan year.

#### **How You and Your Insurer Share Costs - Example**

Jane's Plan Deductible: \$1,500 Co-insurance: 20% Out-of-Pocket Limit: \$5,000



This example is taken from the Glossary of Health Coverage and Medical Terms found at <a href="https://www.dol.gov/sites/default/files/ebsa/laws-and-regulations/laws/affordable-care-act/for-employers-and-advisers/sbc-uniform-glossary-proposed-new.pdf">https://www.dol.gov/sites/default/files/ebsa/laws-and-regulations/laws/affordable-care-act/for-employers-and-advisers/sbc-uniform-glossary-proposed-new.pdf</a>, March 2013

#### **Important Words to Know**

Out-of-Pocket Maximum/Limit -The most you pay during a plan year (12 months) before your health insurance or plan begins to pay 100% of the allowed amount. This limit never includes your premium, balance-billed charges, or health care your health insurance plan doesn't cover or allow.

Some health insurance plans also do not include your copayments, deductibles, coinsurance payments, out-of-network payments, or other expenses toward your out-of-pocket maximum/limit.

In Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), premiums are counted toward the out-of-pocket maximum/limit.



Let's get started.

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This section will help you compare plans and decide which plans provide affordable access to the doctors and services your family needs. Some information is provided in the Summary of Benefits and Coverage for each plan. However, you may need to contact the insurance company website or customer service representative for more detailed information.

Section 1: Types of Plans and Accessing Medical Services	Option 1 Plan Name:	Option 2 Plan Name:	Option 3 Plan Name:	
What type of insurance plan? EPO—Exclusive Provider Organization HMO—Health Maintenance Organization POS—Point of Service PPO— Preferred Provider Organization	□ EPO □ HMO □ POS □ PPO	□ EPO □ HMO □ POS □ PPO	□ EPO □ HMO □ POS □ PPO	
What is the <b>health plan category</b> ? Information about health plan categories is found on page 11 of this workbook.	□ Employer □ Employer   □ Bronze □ Bronze   □ Silver □ Silver   □ Gold □ Gold   □ Platinum □ Platinum		<ul><li>□ Employer</li><li>□ Bronze</li><li>□ Silver</li><li>□ Gold</li><li>□ Platinum</li></ul>	
What is the <b>coinsurance</b> for services?	%%		%	
Are ALL my providers (doctors, hospitals, specialists, pharmacies, etc.) in the plan's network? (Look on the insurance company's web site or call to find out.)	□ Yes □No	□ Yes □No	□ Yes □No	
Can I choose my health care providers?	□ Yes □No	□ Yes □No	□ Yes □No	
Do I need <b>referrals</b> for specialists?	□ Yes □No	□ Yes □No	□ Yes □No	
Do I need <b>preauthorization</b> for medical procedures?	□ Yes □No	□ Yes □No	□ Yes □No	
Does this plan accept the doctor's billing or do I have to pay upfront and get the plan to reimburse me?	□ Accept □ Pay up front	□ Accept □ Pay up front	□ Accept □ Pay up front	

# Important Words to Know

Referral - A written order from your primary care doctor for you to see a specialist or to get certain medical services. Some health insurance plans require a referral before you can get medical care from a specialist. If you do not, the plan may not pay for the services.

# Preauthorization - A decision by your health insurer that health care service, treatment plan, prescription drug or durable medical equipment is medically necessary. The plan may require preauthorization for certain services before you receive them, except in an emergency.

This section helps you compare health insurance plans for the important coverage you identified in Section 5 of My **Health Insurance Needs** (pg. 9). Some information will be provided in the plan's Summary of Benefits and Coverage. However, you may need to check the insurance company's website or call the company's customer service representatives to get additional information or to have questions answered for your specific situation.

	Option 1		Option 2		Option 3	3	Important W
Section 2: Coverage	Plan Name	e:	Plan Nan	ne:	Plan Name:		Know
This plan covers these services (Covered	□ Medical		□ Medic	al	□ Medi	cal	Excluded Servio
essential benefits and other services):	□ Vision			n	□ Visio	n	Health care serv
Mark off the services this plan provides by making	☐ Prescrip	otion	☐ Presci	ription	□ Presc	ription	your health insu
an "X" next to the service.	□ Dental		□ Denta	ıl	□ Denta	al	plan does <u>not</u> co
	□ Materni	ity	$\square$ Maternity		☐ Maternity		pay for.
	□ Mental	Health	□ Menta	al Health	□ Ment	al Health	Out-of-network
	☐ Substan	ice Abuse	☐ Substa	ance Abuse	□ Subst	ance Abuse	facilities, provid
This plan has <b>excluded services</b> : (Review your family's needs (pages 6-9) and compare them to the excluded services. Be sure the plan includes all necessary services). Health insurance companies can't refuse to cover you or charge you more just			☐ Yes If yes, wha		☐ Yes If yes, wha		suppliers your h insurer or plan h contracted with
because you have a <b>pre-existing condition</b> .							provide health c
Is there a waiting period on maternity benefits and	□ Yes	□No	□ Yes	$\square$ No	□ Yes	□No	services. There v
how long is it?	How long	g?	How lo	ng?	How Lo	ng?	coinsurance cost
Are there any special limits or exclusions on maternity benefits?	□ Yes	□ No	□ Yes	□ No	□ Yes	□ No	choose to receive
What is the amount of the out-of-pocket maximum/limit?							from out-of-netv providers.
If I travel <b>out-of-network</b> , does this plan cover care	□ Yes	□No	□ Yes	$\square$ No	□ Yes	□No	Pre-existing co
outside my local area? If I travel out of the country or out of state, does this plan provide coverage?	□ Yes	□No	□ Yes	□ No	□ Yes	□No	A condition, disa
Does the company have a high number of consumer complaints? (To find out, call your state's Insurance Commissioner's Office or visit their website).	□ Yes □	□ No	□ Yes	□No	□ Yes	□ No	mental) that you before you enro

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This section will help you compare health insurance plan costs, including the premium, deductible, and copayments.

Using your information from pages 6 -7 and the Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) for each plan you are comparing, calculate your total estimated out-of-pocket costs.

Section 3: Health Insurance	Plan Costs	Option 1 Plan Name:	Option 2 Plan Name:	Option 3 Plan Name:
\$ Annual <b>premium</b> amount		\$ per month x 12 months = \$	\$ per month x 12 months = \$	\$ per month x 12 months = \$
\$ How much is the annual deductible?		\$	\$	\$
How much is your copayment?	Primary Care Provider Copayment	\$per visit xvisits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$
Use the estimated number of visits from the <b>My Health</b>	<b>Specialist</b> Copayment	\$per visit xvisits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$
Insurance Needs (pgs. 6 -7) to help	<b>Urgent Care</b> Copayment	\$ per visit x visits = \$	\$ per visit xvisits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$
complete this section.	Emergency Room (ER) Copayment	\$per visit x visits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$
	Hospitalization Copayment:	\$per visit x visits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$	\$per visit xvisits = \$
<b>\$ Total Out-of-pocket costs</b> you may pay yearly. (Add together the annual deductible and all the estimated copayments for each plan).		\$	\$	\$

Some health insurance plans cover the cost of **prescription drugs,** while others do not. Given your family's healthcare service needs, it will be important to determine if you:

- 1) need prescription drug coverage and
- 2) have adequate insurance to cover these costs. Look back at pg. 7 for last year's prescription drug costs for your family.

This section enables you to calculate the out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs. For health insurance plans that include **prescription drug coverage**, use **Row 1** to determine your out-of-pocket costs. If you need to buy a prescription drug plan use **Row 2**. The final row \$ **Total Prescription Drug Costs**, will include the plan premium plus copayments.

	pg. 7 for last year's prescription drug costs for your family. Include the plan premium plus copayments.					
Section 4: Prescription Drug Costs - use information on pg. 7 to calculate your costs.		Option 1 Plan Name:	Option 2 Plan Name:	Option 3 Plan Name:	Important Words to Know	
Prescription Drug Costs  ONLY complete Row 1 OR Row 2  Find out prescription drug	Row 1: The cost of prescriptions is covered minus copayments.	\$copayment per prescription xnumber of prescriptions filled = \$	\$copayment per prescription xnumber of prescriptions filled = \$	\$copayment per prescription xnumber of prescriptions filled = \$	Prescription Drugs - Medicines that by law must be ordered by a health care provider.  Prescription Drug Coverage - Health insurance or plan that helps pay for	
costs by checking online or by calling the company; ask about the <b>formulary</b> .	Row 2: I need to buy a separate plan.  Premium Costs  Copayment	\$monthly premium x 12 = \$/year \$copayment per prescription xnumber of prescriptions filled = \$	\$monthly premium x 12 = \$/year  \$copayment per prescription xnumber of prescriptions filled = \$	\$monthly premium x 12 = \$/year \$copayment per prescription x number of prescriptions filled = \$	prescription drugs and medications.  Formulary - A list of prescription drugs covered by a prescription drug plan or another insurance plan	
\$ Total Prescription Drug Costs	What I may pay yearly for prescriptions (For each column, use the totals from either Row 1 or 2.)	\$	\$	\$	offering prescription drug benefits. Also called a drug list.	

Not all health insurance plans include **Vision Coverage**. Given your family's healthcare service needs, it will be important to:

- 1) determine if you need vision coverage and
- 2) have adequate insurance coverage to cover these costs.

This section provides a place for you to calculate the out-of-pocket costs for vision services. For health insurance plans that include vision services and products, use **Row 1** to determine your out-of-pocket costs. If you need to buy a vision health insurance plan use Row 2.

			R <b>0W Z</b> .		
Section 5: Vision Care		Option 1 Plan Name:	Option 2 Plan Name:	Option 3 Plan Name:	Important Words to Know
Vision Coverage ONLY	Row 1: The cost of vision services is covered. I only have copayments.	\$copayment per Doctor visit Xnumber of visits = \$	\$copayment per Doctor visit X number of visits = \$	\$copayment per Doctor visit X number of visits = \$	Vision or Vision Coverage - A type of health benefit
complete Row 1 OR Row 2	Row 2: I need to buy a separate plan.  Premium  Copayment	\$ monthly premium x 12 = \$/year \$copayment per doctor visit x number of visits = \$	\$ monthly premium x 12 = \$/year \$copayment per doctor visit x number of visits = \$	\$ monthly premium x 12 = \$ /year \$copayment per doctor visit x number of visits = \$	that covers at least a part of vision care, like eye exams and glasses. Vision coverage may be offered either as part of a comprehensive medical plan, or
Vision Services Costs	What I may pay yearly for Vision Services (For each column, insert the totals from either Row 1 or 2).	\$	\$	\$	through a "stand- alone" vision plan. Depending on your
Vision Product Costs	Estimated costs for glasses frames, lenses, contacts, and other vision products.	\$frames \$lenses \$contacts \$products	\$frames \$lenses \$contacts \$products	\$frames \$lenses \$contacts \$products	location, stand- alone vision plans may not be offered through the Health
Vision Product Costs	What I may pay yearly for glasses, frames, or lenses (Add up your estimate for vision products).	\$	\$	\$	Insurance Marketplace.
Total Vision Costs	Vision Services Costs + Vision Product Costs	\$	\$	\$	

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Not all health insurance plans include **dental coverage.** With what you know about your family's health care service needs, think

about: 1) if you need dental coverage and

2) if your plan covers these costs

This section gives you a place to calculate out-of-pocket costs for these dental services.

For health insurance plans that include dental coverage, use **Row 1** to figure out your out-of-pocket costs.

If you need to buy a dental health insurance plan use **Row 2**.

The final row \$ Dental Costs, will include your premium plus your copayments.

Section 6: Do	ental Care	Option 1 Plan Name:	Option 2 Plan Name:	Option 3 Plan Name:	Important Words to Know
Dental Coverage ONLY	Row 1: The cost of dental services is covered; but I do have copayments. How much is the annual	\$ copayment per Dentist visits X number of visits = \$	\$ copayment per Dentist visits X number of visits = \$	\$ copayment per Dentist visits X number of visits = \$	Dental Coverage - Benefits that help pay for the cost of visits to a dentist for basic or
complete Row 1 OR Row 2	deductible?  What is the annual limit?	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$ \$	preventive services, like teeth cleaning, X-rays, and fillings. In
	Row 2: I need to buy a separate plan? Premium Copayment	\$ monthly premium x 12 = \$/year  \$ copay per Dentist visits X number of visits = \$	\$ monthly premium x 12 = \$/year  \$ copay per Dentist visits X number of visits = \$	\$ monthly premium x 12 = \$/year  \$ copay per Dentist visits X number of visits = \$	the Health Insurance Marketplace, dental coverage is available either as part of a comprehensive medical plan, or by itself through a
	How much is the annual deductible?	\$	\$	\$	"stand-alone" dental plan.
\$ Dental Costs	What I may pay yearly on dental services. For each column, insert the totals from <b>either</b> Row 1 or 2.	\$	\$	\$	

The next page (page 20) will help you add up all the health, vision and dental insurance costs. Go back to the previous pages and copy the total costs for each type of health care. Look at the row that has a \$ in front of it to find the total for that section.

Once you fill in the numbers, add up each column to find the **Total Estimated Yearly Health Care Costs** for each plan option you are comparing.

Now that you have calculated the yearly cost for health insurance plans, the next step is to calculate the **Estimated Monthly Health Care Costs** for the insurance plans you are comparing. Using the figures in the first column for each option, divide this number by 12 to estimate the monthly costs. Next add up the monthly cost column for each option to determine the estimated monthly cost for the plan.

The estimated monthly cost includes actual monthly amounts such as the monthly premium and also estimated monthly expenses such as copayments and deductibles.

You may be surprised that the option with the lowest premium may have the highest costs. This occurs because when paying lower premiums you are taking on more of the risk and responsibility and therefore may have more out-of-pocket expenses. See page 11, Marketplace Plan Categories as a reminder.

Comparing health insurance plans will help you take charge of your health and finances. Knowing the total monthly and yearly costs for each option will help you select the most affordable plan that meets your health care needs.

Planning and saving for health care costs are important steps in being prepared when health care expenses occur.

Once you know the total annual and monthly costs for each plan you will be able to make a *Smart Choice* health insurance decision.



#### **Important Words to Know**

Total Estimated Yearly
Health Care Costs - The total
amount you may have to pay
for health care. It includes
premiums, deductibles,
copayments, coinsurance and
all out-of-pocket costs. This
total is estimated before you
actually have the coverage
and have health expenses
under the coverage.

# **Estimated Monthly Health Care Costs** - This is the total yearly amount divided by 12.

yearly amount divided by 12. This figure can help you determine how much you can afford on a monthly basis. It will include the actual monthly premium costs plus the estimated out-of-pocket costs for copayments, coinsurance and deductibles.

Section 7: Estimating Annual and Monthly Medical Expenses		Option 1:		Option 2:		Option 3:	
		Yearly Cost	Yearly Cost divided by 12 = Monthly Cost	Yearly Cost	Yearly Cost divided by 12 = Monthly Cost	Yearly Cost	Yearly Cost divided by 12 = Monthly Cost
Insurance Premium (from pg. 15)	What I may pay for insurance premiums	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Out -of - pocket costs (from pg.15)	What I may pay in deductible and copayments.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prescription Drug Costs (from pg.16)	What I may pay for prescriptions	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Vision Costs (from pg. 17)	What I may pay for Vision Services and products.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Dental Costs (from pg. 18)	What I may pay for dental services	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Yearly and Monthly Health Care Costs (Add up the numbers in each column)		Yearly \$	Monthly \$	Yearly \$	Monthly \$	Yearly \$	Monthly \$

Now you can begin to narrow down your choices to make a *Smart Choice* health insurance decision. The next worksheet, **My Monthly Spending Plan,** helps you organize your monthly costs for taxes, savings, living expenses and debt payments. Use your monthly bills, bank statements and credit card statements to estimate your monthly expenses. Try not to guess your expenses.

By using accurate figures you'll get a clear picture of your finances. This will help you look at your financial picture. Later you can determine how expenses can be adjusted so you can cover your health care costs. The monthly estimates for health care costs can be added to the **My Monthly Spending Plan** worksheet so you can decide which plan you can afford.

# My Monthly Spending Plan

Monthly Income (Gross pay before any deductions)				
Wages/salary #1				
Wages/salary #2				
Other sources:				
Total Income				
Deductions taken from your pay				
Federal taxes				
State taxes				
FICA/Medicare				
Life insurance				
Health Insurance				
Disability Insurance				
Flexible Spending Account				
Retirement Savings				
Other Savings (payroll deduction)				
Other deductions				
Total deductions				

Expenses:				
Housing				
Rent or Mortgage				
Insurance (Homeowner or Renters)				
Property taxes				
Maintenance/repairs				
Total				
Utilities				
Electric				
Heating oil or gas				
Trash/garbage				
Water and Sewer				
Telephone				
Cable TV				
Internet				
Cell phone				
Other				
Total				

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Food				
Groceries				
Food away from home				
School lunches				
Other				
Total				
Transportation				
Car/truck payment				
Car/truck Insurance				
Maintenance/repairs				
Gasoline, oil, etc.				
Other				
Total				
Personal				
Clothing				
Personal Care				
Tobacco/alcohol				
Total				
Family Care				
Child Care or other dependent care				
Personal Allowances				
Total				

# My Monthly Spending Plan

Health and Medical					
Insurance premium (not deducted from paycheck)					
Insurance costs (copayments, coinsurance, deductible)					
Prescriptions					
Over-the-counter medicines					
Vision					
Dental					
Health Savings Account					
Total					
<b>Educational Expenses</b>					
Tuition					
Sports and organization fees					
School supplies					
Total					
Pet Care					
Pet food					
Pet supplies					
Veterinary services					
Pet care (grooming, boarding, etc.)					
Total					

Entertainment				
Movies, books, etc.		Periodic Expenses		
Vacation		These expenses come up once or twice a year. Fill in the estimated costs under the		
		month they are due. Add your total and		
Hobbies, etc.		divide by 12 to determine your monthly estimate. You will want to set aside the		
Total		monthly estimate so you can have the		
Gifts & Charitable Contributions		money when the periodic expense occurs.  Jan		
Gifts for others		Feb		
Charitable contributions		Mar		
Total		Apr		
		May		
Credit Payments		June		
Credit Card # 1		July		
Credit Card # 2				
Student loan payments		August September		
Personal loan payments		October		
Total		November		
Additional Savings Goals		December		
Goal # 1		Subtotal		
Goal # 2		Subtotal ÷12 = Total monthly portion		
Total		of periodic expenses		
Summary Total Monthly Income \$ Total Monthly Expenses \$				
<b>Difference</b> (total monthly income - total monthly expenses) = \$				

#### My Smart Choice Health Insurance Decision

To make a *Smart Choice*, review the information you used to complete the following worksheets: **My Health Insurance Needs**, **My Health Insurance Plan Comparison**, and **My Monthly Spending Plan**. By completing these worksheets you will know what you need and can afford .

Now you can choose the health insurance plan that fits your needs (from pgs. 6 - 9) and your spending plan (from pgs. 21-22).

If there are two plans that meet your needs and fit into your spending plan, look at what they offer. Choose an affordable plan that best meets your current and upcoming health care needs.

If there is a plan that doesn't fit into your spending plan but it meets your health care needs now and for the future, review your spending plan to determine how you might adjust some of your expenses or increase your income to cover the health care costs.

By completing these steps you should feel confident that you've made a *Smart Choice* health insurance decision.

# **Congratulations!**



Once you buy a health insurance plan, you will need to understand and use your health insurance benefits. To learn more about becoming a Smart User of health insurance visit <a href="http://extension.umd.edu/insure">http://extension.umd.edu/insure</a>

#### **Acknowledgements:**

Andrew Williams, Nicole Finkbeiner, Lindsey Foss, Milli Dugal, Graduate Students; Dr. Amanda Ginter, School of Public Health.
Dr. Jinhee Kim, Professor & Assistant Director, Family and Consumer Sciences Program Leader;
Allison Roe, Undergraduate Intern, UMD College of Agriculture and Natural Resources;
Christine Garcia, Senior Manager, UMD Department of Residential Facilities;
Kathy Lipton, Editor; Vanessa Orlando, Graphic Artist,; Sarah Radice, BS, RN, UMD;
Mia B. Russell, PhD, Wells Fargo









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