

# Compilers

On UD HPC Community Clusters

Anita Schwartz  
Client Support & Services

# Compilers on Mills and Farber

- The GNU Compiler Collection (GCC)

<https://gcc.gnu.org/>



- Intel



<https://software.intel.com/en-us/intel-compilers>



- PGI

**PGI<sup>®</sup> Compilers & Tools**

<http://www.pgroup.com/>



**OpenACC**  
Directives for Accelerators

# What compiler should I use?

Factors to consider:

- Flexibility
- Portability
- Efficiency
- Performance

And what do you want to compile? This answer will likely depend on the language (Fortran, C, C++, ?), architecture (Intel, AMD, GPU, MIC), problem domain, testing and acceptability, serial or parallel, etc.

*No one compiler is necessarily the best choice for everything and in some situations only one compiler may be the only choice.*

# GCC

- Highly desirable for C and C++, not so much for Fortran
- Free and open source
- Works well on a variety of native and cross platforms - very portable
- Large community with active development
- Extensive development environment including runtime libraries, testsuites, etc
- Good place to start



# Intel



- Great fit for Fortran (high level of optimization by default), excellent C and C++
- Not free
- Optimized code to take advantage of core count and vector register width in [Intel® Xeon® processors](#), [Intel® Xeon Phi™ coprocessors](#) and compatible processors.
- A toolset that simplifies creating fast, reliable parallel code including new data analytics library.
- Tuned for Intel architecture
- HPC focused



# PGI

## PGI<sup>®</sup> Compilers & Tools

### OpenACC

Directives for Accelerators

- Very good Fortran and C, pretty good C++
- Not free
- Unified Binary for Intel and AMD x64 Processors+GPU simplifies cross-platform support by combining into a single executable file, code sequences optimized for multi-core x64 processor families from Intel and AMD and GPU accelerators from NVIDIA.
- Compiler-of-choice among many popular performance-critical applications used in the fields of geophysical modeling, mechanical engineering, computational chemistry, weather forecasting, and high-energy physics.
- HPC focused



# How do I use the compilers?

VALET = VALET Automates Linux Environment Tasks\*

- Compiler versions: `vpkg_versions` *compiler*

```
$ vpkg_versions gcc
```

or

```
$ vpkg_versions intel
```

or

```
$ vpkg_versions pgi
```

\*similar to `modules` on other HPC clusters

# VALET

- Select the default version of a compiler\*: `vpkg_require compiler` or `vpkg_devrequire compiler`

```
$ vpkg_devrequire gcc
```

or

```
$ vpkg_devrequire intel
```

or

```
$ vpkg_devequire pgi
```

**Note:** Both add selected *compiler* configuration to your environment; `vpkg_devrequire` also includes setup of the `LDFLAGS` and `CPPFLAGS` variables with library/header paths for the selected *compiler*.



# Compiler commands

<b>Compiler</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>Fortran</b>
GCC	<code>gcc</code>	<code>gfortran</code>
Intel	<code>icc</code>	<code>ifort</code>
PGI	<code>pgcc</code>	<code>pgf90</code>

# Help: man\*

<b>Compiler</b>	<b>Fortran</b>	<b>C</b>
GCC	<code>man gfortran</code>	<code>man gcc</code>
Intel	<code>man ifort</code>	<code>man icc</code>
PGI	<code>man pgf90</code>	<code>man pgcc</code>

\*Only works on the head node

# Help: command line option

<b>Compiler</b>	<b>Fortran</b>	<b>C</b>
GCC	<code>gfortran --help</code>	<code>gcc --help</code>
Intel	<code>ifort -help</code>	<code>icc -help</code>
PGI	<code>pgf90 -help</code>	<code>pgcc -help</code>

# GCC example

```
$ vpkg_versions gcc
```

Available versions in package (\* = default version):

```
[/opt/shared/valet/2.0.1/etc/gcc.vpkg_xml]
```

```
gcc      GNU Compiler Suite
```

```
 4.8     alias to gcc/4.8.3
```

```
 4.8.3   Version 4.8.3
```

```
 4.9     alias to gcc/4.9.3
```

```
 4.9.3   Version 4.9.3
```

```
 6       alias to gcc/6.2
```

```
 6.2.0   Version 6.2.0
```

```
 6.2     alias to gcc/6.2.0
```

```
* system OS-default GCC installation
```

```
$ vpkg_devrequire gcc/4.9
```

Adding package `gcc/4.9.3` to your environment

# Intel example

```
$ vpkg_versions intel
```

```
Available versions in package (* = default version):
```

```
[/opt/shared/valet/2.0.1/etc/intel.vpkg_json]
intel                Intel Compiler Suite
 12.1                 alias to intel/2011-sp1.13.367
 13.0                 alias to intel/2013.1.117
 14.0.3              alias to intel/2013-sp1.3.174
2011-sp1.13.367     Version 2011 (SP1.13.367) for x86-64
2013                 alias to intel/2013-sp1.3.174
2013-sp1.3.174     Version 2013 (SP1.3.174) for x86-64
2013.1.117          Version 2013 (1.117) for x86-64
* 2015              alias to intel/2015.3.187
2015.0.090          Version 2015 (first release) for x86-64
2015.3.187          Version 2015 (update 3) for x86-64
2016                 alias to intel/2016.2.062
2016.1.150          Version 2016 (update 1) for x86-64
2016.2.062          Version 2016 (update 2) for x86-64
```

```
$ vpkg_devrequire intel/2016
```

```
Adding package `intel/2016.2.062` to your environment
```

# PGI example

```
$ vpkg_versions pgi
```

```
Available versions in package (* = default version):
```

```
[/opt/shared/valet/2.0.1/etc/pgi.vpkg_json]
```

```
pgi  Portland Group Compiler Suite
```

```
* 14  alias to pgi/14.10
```

```
14.10  Version 14.10
```

```
14.7   Version 14.7
```

```
15  alias to pgi/15.7
```

```
15.1   Version 15.1
```

```
15.10  Version 15.10 (w/ Accelerator)
```

```
15.4   Version 15.4
```

```
15.7   Version 15.7
```

```
15.9   Version 15.9 (w/ Accelerator)
```

```
16  alias to pgi/16.1
```

```
16.1   Version 16.1 (w/ Accelerator)
```

```
$ vpkg_devrequire pgi/16
```

```
Adding dependency `gcc/4.9.3` to your environment
```

```
WARNING: The Portland compiler suite is not officially supported on Farber.
```

```
WARNING: It has been made available by popular request.
```

```
Adding package `pgi/16.1` to your environment
```

# Optimization and accelerator options

Compiler	Optimization	Phi	GPU	OpenMP*
GCC	<code>-O3 -ffast-math</code>			<code>-fopenmp</code>
Intel		<code>-mmic</code>		<code>-qopenmp</code> or <code>-openmp</code>
PGI	<code>-fast</code>		<code>-acc -ta=nvidia</code>	<code>-mp</code>

\*Depends on the version of the compiler; `-openmp` for older versions

- Farber is based on Intel (code name “Ivy Bridge”): See [Intel 64 and IA-32 Architectures Optimization Reference Manual](#) and [Intel Math Kernel Library Cookbook](#).
- Mills is based on AMD Opteron 6200 Series processors (code name “Interlagos”): [Compiler Options Quick Reference Guide](#)

# MPI wrapper compiler commands and help

- GCC

```
$ vpkg_devrequire openmpi/1.8.8-gcc-4.9.3
```

<b>Fortran*</b>	<b>C</b>
<code>mpifort --help</code>	<code>mpicc --help</code>
<code>mpifort --help=optimizers</code>	<code>mpicc --help=optimizers</code>
<code>man mpifort</code>	<code>man mpicc</code>

\*`mpif90` for openmpi versions older than 1.7; `man` only works on the head node



# MPI wrapper compiler commands and help

- Intel

```
$ vpkg_devrequire openmpi/1.10.2-intel64-2016
```

<b>Fortran*</b>	<b>C</b>
<code>mpifort -help</code>	<code>mpicc -help</code>
<code>mpifort -help=opt</code>	<code>mpicc -help=opt</code>
<code>man mpifort</code>	<code>man mpicc</code>

\*`mpif90` for openmpi versions older than 1.7; `man` only works on the head node

# MPI wrapper compiler flags

The Open MPI Team **strongly** recommends using the wrapper compilers to compile and link MPI applications.

FAQ: Compiling MPI applications

<https://www.open-mpi.org/faq/?category=mpi-apps>

If you need to know the options to compile independent of the wrappers use

```
# Show the flags necessary to compile MPI C applications
```

```
$ mpicc --showme:compile
```

```
# Show the flags necessary to link MPI C applications
```

```
$ mpicc --showme:link
```

# Hands-on exercises

Laplace examples from XSEDE HPC Workshops documented for Farber

<http://docs.hpc.udel.edu/software/tutorial/laplace>

- Serial
- OpenMP
- MPI
- OpenACC

## Questions and Open Forum