$\qquad$
10pts 1. A random sample of 80 observations from a population produced the following summary statistics $\sum x=148$ and $\sum x^{2}=570$ Find an $87 \%$ confidence interval for $\mu$.

10pts 2. Suppose WalMart wants to estimate $\mu$, the average age of the customers who shop within a certain department within the store, correct to within 3 years with probability 0.95 . Approximately how large a sample would be needed assuming the ages of the customers range from 16 years old to 88 years old?

15pts 3. Suppose Ms. Morris would like to determine the average Math201 grade for her fall classes since she started teaching them. To do so she randomly selects 28 former students from fall Math201 courses and obtains the following data:

76, 79, 89, 89, 73, 76, 74, 83, 86, 84, 95, 86, 95, 89
$97,67,88,71,80,73,64,97,73,90,86,96,82,86$
Assuming the population from which these data were sampled is approximately normally distributed find a $90 \%$ confidence interval for the mean fall Math201 grade.
$\qquad$
15pts 4. A random sample of 256 observations produced the following summary statistics. $\sum x=4,730$ and $\sum(x-\bar{x})^{2}=3,750$. Test the null hypothesis that $\mu=20$ against the alternative hypothesis $\mu<20$ at $\alpha=0.05$.

10pts 5. a) In a test of $\mathrm{H}_{0}: \mu=73.5$ against $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{a}}: \mu \neq 73.5$ the sample data yielded a test statistic of $t=2.453$ If there were 23 observations in the sample find the observed significance level.
b)In a test of $\mathrm{H}_{0}: \mu=400$ against $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{a}}: \mu>400$ the sample data yielded a test statistic of $\mathrm{Z}=1.98$. Find the observed significance level ( $\rho$ value) for the test

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10pts 6. Suppose a sample of 250 observations from a binomial population gave a value of $\hat{p}=0.93$ and you wish to test the hypothesis that $p=0.87$ against the alternative that $p>0.87$. Use $\alpha=0.01$ to test and make sure to state your conclusions.

15pts 7. Suppose independent random samples from approximately normal populations produced the following results shown in the table. Does the data provide sufficient evidence to conclude $\mu_{1}-\mu_{2}>18$ at $\alpha=0.05$ ?
sample 1: $97,101,103,113,111,115,107,113,114,109,118,113,110,117,101,96,100$
sample 2: $82,86,84,92,83,97,79,86,92,87,92,93,83,84,85,88,81$

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10pts 8 . Independent random samples were selected from two normally distributed populations. Sample one was of 21 observations having a mean 93.78 and standard deviation 16. Sample two was of 27 observations with mean 90.64 and standard deviation 11. Do the data provide sufficient evidence to indicate a difference in population variances at $\alpha=0.05$ ?

