

Economics 152
Solution to Problem Set 3

PART 1 (5 POINTS)

Suppose Greenland has a total population of 12 million people. Of these, 4 million people are under the age of 16 or are institutionalized, and an additional 2 million people either do not work or are not able to work. Assume that 5.5 million people are already employed. Compute the unemployment rate in this country.

Answer: Total Population = 12 million

$$\text{Not in labor force} = (4+2) = 6 \text{ million}$$

$$\text{Labor force} = (12 - 6) = 6 \text{ million}$$

$$\text{Labor force} = \text{Employed} + \text{Unemployed}$$

$$6 = 5.5 + \text{Unemployed}$$

$$\text{Unemployed} = (6 - 5.5) \text{ million} = 0.5 \text{ million}$$

$$\text{Unemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Unemployed}}{\text{Total labor force}} * 100$$

$$= \frac{0.5 \text{ million}}{6 \text{ million}} * 100$$

$$= 8.33 \%$$

PART 2 (5 POINTS)

Iceland is said to have full employment when the unemployment rate is 6.5%. Corresponding to this unemployment rate, the economy produces goods and services worth \$20.5 billion. At present, the economy has an unemployment rate of 9.5%. Given this rate of unemployment, the real domestic output produced in the economy is \$14.8 billion. Answer the following questions, based on the above information.

- (i) What is the potential GDP in this economy? Explain your answer.

Answer: The potential GDP in this economy is the level of output corresponding to the full employment or the natural rate of unemployment. Therefore the potential GDP is \$ 20.5 billion.

- (ii) What types of unemployment are included in the 6.5% unemployment rate? Explain your answer.

Answer: Frictional + Structural

- (iii) Compute the output gap in this case.

Answer: Output gap = Potential Output – Actual Output

$$= \$(20.5 - 14.8) \text{ billion}$$

$$= \$ 5.7 \text{ billion}$$

PART 3 (5 POINTS)

Mr. X is contemplating of installing an additional machine in his firm. The cost of the machine is \$1200. Mr. X expects that using the machine will increase his output and revenues to \$1500. Assume that the nominal interest rate in the economy is 10% and the inflation rate is 5%. Explain clearly whether Mr. X should install the machine.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Answer: EROR (r)} &= \frac{\$ (1500 - 1200)}{\$ 1200} * 100 \\ &= 25 \% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Real Interest Rate} &= \text{Nominal Interest Rate} - \text{Rate of Inflation} \\ \text{(i)} &= (10 - 5) \% \\ &= 5 \% \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{EROR (r)} = 25 \% > \text{Real Interest Rate (i)} = 5 \%$$

$$\text{MB} > \text{MC}$$

Hence invest.

PART 4 (5 POINTS)

Complete the following table assuming that (a) $MPS = 1/6$, (b) there is no government and all saving is personal saving.

Level of Output and Income	Consumption	Saving
\$ 350	\$ 360	- \$ 10
375	381	- 5.8
400	402	- 2
425	423	+ 2
450	444	+ 6